

## PHARMACY POLICY STATEMENT

### Common Ground Healthcare Cooperative (CGHC)

<b>DRUG NAME</b>	<b>Repatha (evolocumab)</b>
BENEFIT TYPE	Pharmacy
STATUS	Prior Authorization Required

Repatha, approved by the FDA in 2015, is an inhibitor of PCSK9 (proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9) for patients with established cardiovascular disease (CVD) or primary hyperlipidemia, heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH), and homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH). PCSK9 binds to LDL receptors in the liver to promote their degradation. Inhibiting PCSK9 from binding the LDL receptors increases the number of them available to clear LDL from the blood, which reduces LDL cholesterol levels.

Repatha (evolocumab) will be considered for coverage when the following criteria are met:

#### **Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)**

For **initial** authorization:

1. Member is at least 10 years of age; AND
2. Medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a lipid specialist, cardiologist, or endocrinologist; AND
3. Member has a diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) confirmed by one of the following:
  - a) Genetic testing confirmation of two mutant alleles in the LDLR, Apo-B, PCSK9, or LDLRAP1 gene locus; OR
  - b) LDL-C > 400 mg/dL before any treatment AND at least one of the following:
    - i) Xanthoma before 10 years of age; and/or
    - ii) Evidence of heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) in both parents; AND
4. Chart notes must include documentation of baseline LDL-C level, taken within the past 90 days; AND
5. Member is unable to achieve LDL-C goal (see Note) after an 8-week trial of a high-intensity/max-tolerated statin in combination with ezetimibe (unless there is documentation of clearly established statin intolerance or statin contraindication—see note\*); AND
6. Repatha will be used as an adjunct to other LDL-lowering therapies (e.g., statins, ezetimibe, LDL apheresis), unless contraindicated or intolerant; AND
7. Prescriber attests that the member will adhere to a diet regimen or a diet modification.
8. **Dosage allowed/Quantity limit:** 420 mg subQ once monthly.  
May increase to 420 mg every 2 weeks if clinically meaningful response not reached after 12 weeks, or if also on lipid apheresis.  
(Limit: 2 injections per 28 days)

NOTE: The LDL-C goals for adults are <70 mg/dL or <55 mg/dL with additional ASCVD risk factors, or <135 mg/dL for children.

\*NOTE: *If not on statin therapy, member must have documented contraindication to all statin drugs or documentation of intolerance to at least 2 different statins, including low/moderate intensity or alternate dosing such as every other day.*

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for 6 months.***

For **reauthorization**:

1. Chart notes/labs show at least 15% LDL-C reduction since starting Repatha.

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.***

### **Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HeFH)**

For **initial** authorization:

1. Member is at least 10 years of age; AND
2. Medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a lipid specialist, cardiologist, or endocrinologist; AND
3. Member has a diagnosis of heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) confirmed by one of the following:
  - a) Genetic testing (presence of LDL-R, ApoB, or PCSK9 mutation)
  - b) (Adults only) Dutch Lipid Network score greater than 8 points
  - c) (Adults only) "Definite" per Simon Broome criteria (i.e., LDL > 190 at baseline AND tendon xanthoma OR LDL-R, ApoB, or PCSK9 mutation); AND
4. Member has a lipid panel within the past 90 days showing LDL of 100 or greater for adults or 130 or
5. greater for pediatrics; AND
6. Member's LDL is elevated despite at least a 3-month adherent trial of high intensity or max tolerated statin therapy in combination with ezetimibe (unless there is documentation of clearly established statin intolerance or statin contraindication—see note\*); AND
7. Repatha will be used in combination with a statin and/or ezetimibe, unless contraindicated or intolerant; AND
8. Prescriber attests that the member will adhere to a diet regimen or a diet modification.
9. **Dosage allowed/Quantity limit:** 140 mg subQ every 2 weeks OR 420 mg every month.  
(Limit: 2 injections per 28 days)

*\*Note: If not on statin therapy, member must have documented contraindication to all statin drugs or documentation of intolerance to at least 2 different statins, including low/moderate intensity or alternate dosing such as every other day.*

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for 6 months.***

For **reauthorization**:

1. Chart notes along with recent labs have been provided showing a clinically meaningful reduction of LDL-C level from baseline OR LDL-C is at goal.

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.***

**Primary Hyperlipidemia**For **initial** authorization:

1. Member is at least 18 years of age; AND
2. Member has a history of clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) (e.g., angina, coronary or other arterial revascularization, myocardial infarction (MI), stroke, transient ischemic attack, or peripheral arterial disease); AND
3. Member has a lipid panel within the past 90 days showing one of the following:
  - a) LDL of 70 or greater
  - b) LDL of 55 or greater and “very high risk,” i.e., history of multiple major ASCVD events (acute coronary syndrome within past 12 months, history of MI, stroke, or symptomatic PAD) or 1 major ASCVD event and multiple high-risk conditions; AND
4. Member’s LDL is elevated despite at least a 3-month adherent trial of high intensity or max tolerated statin therapy in combination with ezetimibe (unless there is documentation of clearly established statin intolerance or statin contraindication—see note\*); AND
5. Repatha will be used in combination with a statin and/or ezetimibe, unless contraindicated or intolerant; AND
6. Prescriber attests that the member will adhere to a diet regimen or a diet modification.
7. **Dosage allowed/Quantity limit:** 140 mg subQ every 2 weeks OR 420 mg every month.  
(Limit: 2 injections per 28 days)

*\*Note: If not on statin therapy, member must have documented contraindication to all statin drugs or documentation of intolerance to at least 2 different statins, including low/moderate intensity or alternate dosing such as every other day.*

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for 6 months.***

For **reauthorization**:

1. Chart notes along with recent labs have been provided showing a clinically meaningful reduction of LDL-C level from baseline OR LDL-C is at goal.

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.***

**CareSource considers Repatha (evolocumab) not medically necessary for the treatment of conditions that are not listed in this document. For any other indication, please refer to the Off-Label policy.**

DATE	ACTION/DESCRIPTION
07/09/2020	New policy for Repatha created. Retired old Biologic Cholesterol Agents policy.
04/27/2021	Updated genetic testing requirement under HoFH to ask for specific alleles (previously not specified). Updated atorvastatin high-intensity requirement to reflect pediatric vs. adult dosing for all diagnoses.
11/15/2021	Transferred to new template. Updated age for HoFH and HeFH and dosing for HoFH.
02/22/2022	Removed specialist requirement from ASCVD indication.
09/14/2023	Updated ACC non-statin reference. Added endocrinology as accepted specialist for HeFH, HoFH. Incorporated Simon-Broome criteria for HeFH and deleted appendix, noted pertinent gene mutations. Added detail to statin intolerance note regarding low/moderate intensity and alternate dosing. Renamed “Prevention of cardiovascular events” section to “Primary hyperlipidemia.” Differentiated LDL cutoff of 55 for “very high risk” population for primary hyperlipidemia.
03/20/2024	Updated references. Clarified renewal criteria to say <u>clinically</u> meaningful LDL reduction for HeFH and primary. HeFH: Added LDL eligibility value of 130 for peds. Clarified that Dutch score, Simon-Broome only for use in adults. HoFH: Removed LDL cutoff for HeFH in parents. Changed LDL cutoffs of 500 or 300 to 400; specified at least 15% LDL reduction for reauth; changed LDL goals of 100 or 70 to 70 or 55; changed statin/ezetimibe trial from 90 days to 8 weeks (EAS/Cuchel 2023).

References:

1. Repatha [Package Insert]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen Inc.; 2021.
2. Sabatine MS, Giugliano RP, Keech AC, et al. Evolocumab and clinical outcomes in patients with cardiovascular disease. *N Engl J Med* 2017; 376:1713-1722
3. Santos RD, Stein EA, Hovingh GK, et al. Long-term Evolocumab in patients with familial hypercholesterolemia. *J Am Coll Cardiol.* 2020;75(6):565-574.
4. Grundy SM, Stone NJ, Bailey AL, et al. 2018 AHA/ACC Guideline on the Management of Blood Cholesterol. *JACC.* 2018;73(24)doi:10.1016/j.jacc.2018.11.002.
5. McGowen, Dehkordi S, Moriarty P, et al. Diagnosis and treatment of heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia. *J Am Heart Assoc.* 2019 Dec 17;8(24):e013225.
6. American Diabetes Association. Cardiovascular Disease and Risk Management: Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2020. *Diabetes Care.* 2020;43(Suppl 1):S111-S134.
7. Lloyd-Jones DM, Morris PB, et al. 2022 ACC Expert Consensus Decision Pathway on the Role of Nonstatin Therapies for LDL-Cholesterol Lowering in the Management of Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease Risk: A Report of the American College of Cardiology Solution Set Oversight Committee [published correction appears in *J Am Coll Cardiol.* 2023 Jan 3;81(1):104]. *J Am Coll Cardiol.* 2022;80(14):1366-1418. doi:10.1016/j.jacc.2022.07.006
8. Watts GF, Gidding SS, Hegele RA, et al. International Atherosclerosis Society guidance for implementing best practice in the care of familial hypercholesterolaemia. *Nat Rev Cardiol.* 2023;20(12):845-869. doi:10.1038/s41569-023-00892-0
9. Cuchel M, Raal FJ, Hegele RA, et al. 2023 Update on European Atherosclerosis Society Consensus Statement on Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolaemia: new treatments and clinical guidance. *Eur Heart J.* 2023;44(25):2277-2291. doi:10.1093/eurheartj/ehad197



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