



MEDICAL POLICY STATEMENT D-SNP

Policy Name & Number	Date Effective
Safety Beds-DSNP-MM-1454	02/01/2025-04/30/2025
Policy Type	
MEDICAL	

Medical Policy Statement prepared by CareSource and its affiliates are derived from literature based on and supported by clinical guidelines, nationally recognized utilization and technology assessment guidelines, other medical management industry standards, and published MCO clinical policy guidelines. Medically necessary services include, but are not limited to, those health care services or supplies that are proper and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of disease, illness, or injury and without which the patient can be expected to suffer prolonged, increased or new morbidity, impairment of function, dysfunction of a body organ or part, or significant pain and discomfort. These services meet the standards of good medical practice in the local area, are the lowest cost alternative, and are not provided mainly for the convenience of the member or provider. Medically necessary services also include those services defined in any Evidence of Coverage documents, Medical Policy Statements, Provider Manuals, Member Handbooks, and/or other policies and procedures.

Medical Policy Statements prepared by CareSource and its affiliates do not ensure an authorization or payment of services. Please refer to the plan contract (often referred to as the Evidence of Coverage) for the service(s) referenced in the Medical Policy Statement. If there is a conflict between the Medical Policy Statement and the plan contract (i.e., Evidence of Coverage), then the plan contract (i.e., Evidence of Coverage) will be the controlling document used to make the determination. According to the rules of Mental Health Parity Addiction Equity Act (MHPAEA), coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of a behavioral health disorder will not be subject to any limitations that are less favorable than the limitations that apply to medical conditions as covered under this policy.

This policy applies to the following Market(s):

☒ Georgia

☒ Ohio

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A. Subject
Safety Beds

B. Background

Healthy sleep requires adequate duration, appropriate timing, good quality, regularity, and the absence of sleep disturbances. The American Academy of Sleep Medicine has issued recommendations for sleep needs by age. An individual's bedtime environment is an important consideration, with factors such as the bed and mattress affecting the quality and duration of sleep.

A safety bed is an enclosed bed, typically fitted with a mesh canopy, padded walls, and/or a specially designed mattress. A provider may require safety beds for individuals with a variety of medical or behavioral health diagnoses, such as epilepsy, intracranial injury, hydrocephalus, intellectual disabilities, and autistic spectrum disorders. The use of these beds increases patient safety by eliminating falls, preventing injuries, and reducing wandering. In addition, safety beds might assist with treatments for other symptoms, such as aggression, impulsivity, noncompliance, or elopement behaviors. Ongoing individual evaluation and monitoring is recommended for appropriate use and prescribing.

C. Definitions

- **Crib Canopy** – A cover that attaches to the top of a crib that prevents a toddler from climbing out of the crib or, in some cases, pets from climbing into the crib.
- **Hospital Bed** – A bed used for patients that can be adjusted to raise the head end, foot end, or middle, as required. The overall bed height is also adjustable.
- **Safety Bed** – A bed to prevent individuals from leaving the bed at night without supervision, preventing injuries, falls, and wandering, and can be called institutional, adaptive, enclosure bed, enclosed bed system, net bed, or special needs beds.
- **Standard Bed** – A fixed height bed that is typically sold as furniture and consists of a frame, box spring, and mattress.

D. Policy

- I. CareSource considers a safety bed medically necessary when **ALL** the following criteria are met:
 - A. Member has a behavioral health or medical diagnosis that may lead to safety concerns.
 - B. Member requires a safety bed that prevents the member from leaving the bed at night without supervision.
 - C. There should be regular, periodic face-to-face (in-person) monitoring while the member is in the safety bed.
 - D. The safety bed should not be used as a restraint.
 - E. Documentation submitted to CareSource for review must show that the member meets the above criteria, and:
 1. Bed alarms, door alarms, and standard rail padding failed to meet the safety and medical needs of the member.

The MEDICAL Policy Statement detailed above has received due consideration as defined in the MEDICAL Policy Statement Policy and is approved.

2. The safety bed is for the benefit of the member and not for any caregiver, family member, or provider.
 3. The physician order for the safety bed is included.
 4. The person-centered service plan is retained and updated.
 5. The invoice for the safety bed is retained and submitted along with the prior authorization and reimbursement requests.
- F. The safety bed must be the lowest cost alternative that addresses the member's health condition.

E. State-Specific Information

N/A

F. Conditions of Coverage

N/A

G. Related Policies/Rules

Medical Necessity Determinations

H. Review/Revision History

DATE		ACTION
Date Issued	03/01/2023	New policy.
Date Revised	11/08/2023	Annual review. Coverage language refined. Approved at committee.
	05/08/2024	Annual review: adjusted title, revised background and definitions, condensed coverage criteria, removed sections D.I. and D.IV., and updated references. Approved at Committee.
	11/06/2024	Annual review: added documentation requirements.
Date Effective	02/01/2025	
Date Archived	04/30/2025	This Policy is no longer active and has been archived. Please note that there could be other Policies that may have some of the same rules incorporated and CareSource reserves the right to follow CMS/State/NCCI guidelines without a formal documented Policy.

I. References

1. Caggiari G, Talesa GR, Toro G, et al. What type of mattress should be chosen to avoid back pain and improve sleep quality? review of the literature. *J Orthop Traumatol*. 2021;22(1):51. doi:10.1186/s10195-021-00616-5
2. DeGeorge KC, Neltner CE, Neltner BT. Prevention of unintentional childhood injury. *Am Fam Physician*. 2020;102(7):411-417. Accessed October 25, 2024. www.aafp.org
3. *LCD - Hospital Beds and Accessories (L33820)*. Medicare Coverage Database; 2020. Revised January 1, 2020. Accessed October 29, 2024. www.cms.gov
4. Paruthi S, Brooks LJ, D'Ambrosio C, et al. Recommended amount of sleep for pediatric populations: a consensus statement of the American Academy of Sleep

The MEDICAL Policy Statement detailed above has received due consideration as defined in the MEDICAL Policy Statement Policy and is approved.

- Medicine. *J Clin Sleep Med*. 2016;2(6):785-786. doi:10.5664/jcsm.5866
5. Services and Supplies Never Covered, OHIO ADMIN. CODE 4123-6-07 (2021).
 6. Sherburne E, Snethen JA, Kelber S. Safety profile of children in an enclosure bed. *Clin Nurse Spec*. 2017;31(1):36-44. doi:10.1097/NUR.0000000000000261

Independent medical review – 2/15/2023

Archived

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